

# Hyper Text Markup Language

## What is HTML?

- HTML stands for **Hyper Text Markup Language**
- HTML is not a programming language, it is a **markup language**
- A markup language is a set of **markup tags**
- HTML uses **markup tags** to describe web pages

## HTML Tags

HTML markup tags are usually called HTML tags

- HTML tags are keywords surrounded by **angle brackets** like `<html>`
- 
- HTML tags normally **come in pairs** like `<b>` and `</b>`
- 
- The first tag in a pair is the **start tag**, the second tag is the **end tag**
- 
- Start and end tags are also called **opening tags** and **closing tags**

`<p>` opening tags

`</p>` closing tags

## HTML Documents = Web Pages

- HTML documents **describe web pages**
- HTML documents **contain HTML tags** and plain text
- HTML documents are also **called web pages**

The purpose of a web browser (like Internet Explorer or Firefox) is to read HTML documents and display them as web pages. The browser does not display the HTML tags, but uses the tags to interpret the content of the page:

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## EXAMPLE

```
<html>  
<body>
```

```
<h1>My First Heading</h1>
```

```
<p>My first paragraph.</p>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

### Example Explained

- The text between `<html>` and `</html>` describes the web page
- The text between `<body>` and `</body>` is the visible page content
- The text between `<h1>` and `</h1>` is displayed as a heading
- The text between `<p>` and `</p>` is displayed as a paragraph

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## Headings

HTML headings are defined with the <h1> to <h6> tags.

```
<html>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<h1>This is heading 1</h1>
```

```
<h2>This is heading 2</h2>
```

```
<h3>This is heading 3</h3>
```

```
<h4>This is heading 4</h4>
```

```
<h5>This is heading 5</h5>
```

```
<h6>This is heading 6</h6>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

## HTML Paragraphs

```
<p>This is a paragraph.</p>
```

```
<p>This is another paragraph.</p>
```

### HTML Example Explained

**The <p> element:**

**The <p> element defines a paragraph in the HTML document.  
The element has a start tag <p> and an end tag </p>.  
The element content is: This is my first paragraph.**

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## HTML Links

```
<a href="http://www.w3schools.com">This is a link</a>
```

## HTML Images

```

```

## HTML Text Formatting Tags

Tag	Description
<a href="#"><u>&lt;b&gt;</u></a>	Defines bold text
<a href="#"><u>&lt;big&gt;</u></a>	Defines big text
<a href="#"><u>&lt;em&gt;</u></a>	Defines emphasized text
<a href="#"><u>&lt;i&gt;</u></a>	Defines italic text
<a href="#"><u>&lt;small&gt;</u></a>	Defines small text
<a href="#"><u>&lt;strong&gt;</u></a>	Defines strong text
<a href="#"><u>&lt;sub&gt;</u></a>	Defines subscripted text
<a href="#"><u>&lt;sup&gt;</u></a>	Defines superscripted text
<a href="#"><u>&lt;ins&gt;</u></a>	Defines inserted text
<a href="#"><u>&lt;del&gt;</u></a>	Defines deleted text

## HTML "Computer Output" Tags

Tag	Description
<a href="#"><u>&lt;code&gt;</u></a>	Defines computer code text
<a href="#"><u>&lt;kbd&gt;</u></a>	Defines keyboard text
<a href="#"><u>&lt;samp&gt;</u></a>	Defines sample computer code
<a href="#"><u>&lt;tt&gt;</u></a>	Defines teletype text
<a href="#"><u>&lt;var&gt;</u></a>	Defines a variable
<a href="#"><u>&lt;pre&gt;</u></a>	Defines preformatted text

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## Citations, Quotations, and Definition Tags

Tag	Description
<a href="#"><u>&lt;abbr&gt;</u></a>	Defines an abbreviation
<a href="#"><u>&lt;acronym&gt;</u></a>	Defines an acronym
<a href="#"><u>&lt;address&gt;</u></a>	Defines contact information for the author/owner of a document
<a href="#"><u>&lt;bdo&gt;</u></a>	Defines the text direction
<a href="#"><u>&lt;blockquote&gt;</u></a>	Defines a long quotation
<a href="#"><u>&lt;q&gt;</u></a>	Defines a short quotation
<a href="#"><u>&lt;cite&gt;</u></a>	Defines a citation
<a href="#"><u>&lt;dfn&gt;</u></a>	Defines a definition term

## HTML Style Example - Background Color

```
<body style="background-color:yellow">  
<h2 style="background-color:red">This is a heading</h2>  
<p style="background-color:green">This is a paragraph.</p>  
</body>
```


## HTML Style Example - Font, Color and Size

```
<body>  
<h1 style="font-family:verdana">A heading</h1>  
<p style="font-family:arial;color:red;font-size:20px;">A  
paragraph.</p>  
</body>
```

## Deprecated Tags and Attributes

In HTML 4, several tags and attributes are deprecated. Deprecated means that they will not be supported in future versions of HTML and XHTML.

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 **The message is clear:** Avoid using deprecated tags and attributes!

These tags and attributes should be avoided:

Tags	Description
<center>	<b>Deprecated.</b> Defines centered content
<font> and <basefont>	<b>Deprecated.</b> Defines HTML fonts
<s> and <strike>	<b>Deprecated.</b> Defines strikethrough text
<u>	<b>Deprecated.</b> Defines underlined text
Attributes	Description
align	<b>Deprecated.</b> Defines the alignment of text
bgcolor	<b>Deprecated.</b> Defines the background color
color	<b>Deprecated.</b> Defines the text color

## HTML Table Headers

Header information in a table are defined with the <th> tag.

All major browsers will display the text in the <th> element as bold and centered.

```
<table border="1">
<tr>
<th>Header 1</th>
<th>Header 2</th>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>row 1, cell 1</td>
<td>row 1, cell 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>row 2, cell 1</td>
<td>row 2, cell 2</td>
</tr>
</table>
```

How the HTML code above looks in your browser:

Header 1	Header 2
row 1, cell 1	row 1, cell 2
row 2, cell 1	row 2, cell 2

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## HTML Table Tags

Tag	Description
<a href="#"><u>&lt;table&gt;</u></a>	Defines a table
<a href="#"><u>&lt;th&gt;</u></a>	Defines a table header
<a href="#"><u>&lt;tr&gt;</u></a>	Defines a table row
<a href="#"><u>&lt;td&gt;</u></a>	Defines a table cell
<a href="#"><u>&lt;caption&gt;</u></a>	Defines a table caption
<a href="#"><u>&lt;colgroup&gt;</u></a>	Defines a group of columns in a table, for formatting
<a href="#"><u>&lt;col /&gt;</u></a>	Defines attribute values for one or more columns in a table
<a href="#"><u>&lt;thead&gt;</u></a>	Groups the header content in a table
<a href="#"><u>&lt;tbody&gt;</u></a>	Groups the body content in a table
<a href="#"><u>&lt;tfoot&gt;</u></a>	Groups the footer content in a table

## HTML Unordered Lists

An unordered list starts with the `<ul>` tag. Each list item starts with the `<li>` tag.

The list items are marked with bullets (typically small black circles).

```
<ul>
<li>Coffee</li>
<li>Milk</li>
</ul>
```

How the HTML code above looks in a browser:

- Coffee
  - Milk
- 

## HTML Ordered Lists

An ordered list starts with the `<ol>` tag. Each list item starts with the `<li>` tag.

The list items are marked with numbers.

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```
<ol>
<li>Coffee</li>
<li>Milk</li>
</ol>
```

How the HTML code above looks in a browser:

1. Coffee
2. Milk

---

## HTML Definition Lists

A definition list is a list of items, with a description of each item.

The `<dl>` tag defines a definition list.

The `<dl>` tag is used in conjunction with `<dt>` (defines the item in the list) and `<dd>` (describes the item in the list):

```
<dl>
<dt>Coffee</dt>
<dd>- black hot drink</dd>
<dt>Milk</dt>
<dd>- white cold drink</dd>
</dl>
```

How the HTML code above looks in a browser:

Coffee

- black hot drink

Milk

- white cold drink



# Hyper Text Markup Language

## HTML List Tags










Tag	Description
<a href="#"><u>&lt;ol&gt;</u></a>	Defines an ordered list
<a href="#"><u>&lt;ul&gt;</u></a>	Defines an unordered list
<a href="#"><u>&lt;li&gt;</u></a>	Defines a list item
<a href="#"><u>&lt;dl&gt;</u></a>	Defines a definition list
<a href="#"><u>&lt;dt&gt;</u></a>	Defines an item in a definition list
<a href="#"><u>&lt;dd&gt;</u></a>	Defines a description of an item in a definition list

## Color Values

HTML colors are defined using a hexadecimal notation (HEX) for the combination of Red, Green, and Blue color values (RGB).

The lowest value that can be given to one of the light sources is 0 (in HEX: 00). The highest value is 255 (in HEX: FF).

HEX values are specified as 3 pairs of two-digit numbers, starting with a # sign.

Color	Color HEX	Color RGB
	#000000	rgb(0,0,0)
	#FF0000	rgb(255,0,0)
	#00FF00	rgb(0,255,0)
	#0000FF	rgb(0,0,255)
	#FFFF00	rgb(255,255,0)
	#00FFFF	rgb(0,255,255)
	#FF00FF	rgb(255,0,255)
	#C0C0C0	rgb(192,192,192)
	#FFFFFF	rgb(255,255,255)

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